

The sawfly *Janus luteipes* (Lepeletier, 1823) (Hymenoptera, Cephidae) in Norway

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The sawfly *Janus luteipes* (Lepeletier, 1823) is recorded in Norway for the first time. Comments are given on its biology and distribution.

Key words: Cephidae, *Janus luteipes*, Norway, biology, distribution

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INTRODUCTION

The Cephidae is a small family of slender insects with a thin integument. The pronotum is exceptionally large and its hind margin is nearly straight. They are mostly black or dark coloured, with or without narrow yellow bands. The larva lives in the stem of various woody angiosperms, herbaceous plants, or grasses. The majority of the species are Holarctic and more than 100 species in three tribes and 12 genera are known (Viitassari 2002). So far only eight species have been recorded from Norway: *Hartigia xanthostoma* (Eversmann, 1847), *Cephus spinipes* (Panzer, 1801), *C. nigrinus* Thomson, 1871, *C. pygmeus* (Linnaeus, 1767), *C. brachycercus* Thomson, 1871, *Trachhelus troglodyta* (Fabricius, 1787), *Calameuta filiformis* (Eversmann, 1847) and *C. pallipes* (Klug 1758) (Strand 1889, Nuorteva et al. 2005). Here, *Janus luteipes* (Lepeletier, 1823) is recorded in Norway for the first time.

MATERIAL

Material from the Zoological Museum, University of Bergen, and the Natural History Museum, Oslo,

have been examined. The following abbreviations are used for collections: ZMUB = Zoological Museum, University of Bergen, NHMO = Natural History Museum, University of Oslo. The records are:

VE Tjøme: Moutmarka (EIS 19) 2 July 1985 1 ♂ (leg. Arild Fjeldså). ZMUB.

Ø Sarpsborg: Tune, Råkil (EIS 20, UTM (WGS 84) 32VPL 1963 7503) 10 June 2002 1 ♀ (leg. Thor Jan Olsen). NHMO.

BV Rollag: Tråen-saga (EIS 35) June 1994 1 ♀ (leg. Bjørn Arve Sagvolden). NHMO.

DISCUSSION

J. luteipes is 6–9 mm long with whitish borders on the hind margin of the pronotum. Tegula is brownish or black. The ♂ has its apical abdominal segments light coloured and the legs mostly red, while the ♀ has completely black abdomen and its hind femur black. The food plants are according to Taeger et al. (1998) *Salix*, *Populus tremula* and possibly *Viburnum*. The female oviposit on the shoots of the food plant. Like most internal plant feeders, the larva lacks prolegs. *J. luteipes*